

考試科目	微積分	系別	商學院共同科 4141, 4151, 4161, 4181	考試時間	7月12日(五)第Ⅳ節
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Part I. (50 pts)

- (10pts) Show that the function $f(x)=|x|+1$ is differentiable everywhere except at 0.
- (10pts) Evaluate the following limits.
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^3 \sin \frac{1}{x}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x+3}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$
- (10pts) Find dy/dx and d^2y/dx^2 in terms of x and y , if $2xy+x^3=4$.
- (10pts) Find an equation of the tangent line at the point of the graph of $y=x^2 \sin 2x$, where $x=\pi/2$.
- (10pts) Find $f(x)$ given that $f'(x)=x^3(x^2+1)^{1/2}$ and $f(0)=1/3$

考 試 科 目	微 積 分	系 別	商學院共同科 4141, 4151, 4161, 4181	考 試 時 間	7 月 12 日(五) 第 四 節
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Part II. (50 pts)

1. (15 pts) Find the following integrals.

(a) (5 pts) $\int_0^1 (\ln x)^2 dx.$

(b) (5 pts) $\int_0^\pi \sin^2 x dx.$

(c) (5 pts) $\int \frac{1}{x^2-3} dx.$

2. (10 pts) Show that the following series converges and find its sum,

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{n(n+1)} + \frac{1}{3^n} \right).$$

3. (15 pts) Find the radius and interval of convergence of the power series, $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n x^n}{\sqrt{n+1}}.$

(Note: The convergence of the boundary points should be discussed as well.)

4. (10 pts) Evaluate the integral, $\int_0^1 \int_x^1 \sin(y^2) dy dx.$

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考試科目	統計學	系別	統計學	考試時間	7月12日(五) 第二節
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- 某一玩具工廠宣稱他所製造的產品的不良率小於 3%。消基會從這家工廠隨機抽取 500 件產品，發現不良率為 5%。
 - 請寫出案例中之母體(Population)為何? (5 分)
 - 請寫出案例中之母體參數(Parameter)為何? (5 分)
- 請寫出下列分配函數(Distribution)的平均數(Mean)、中位數(Median)與眾數(Mode)的大小關係。
 - 對稱分配(Symmetrical)? (5 分)
 - 左偏分配(Skewed to the Left)? (5 分)
- 請寫出二項分配(Binomial Probability Distribution)與超幾何分配(Hypergeometric Probability Distribution)的不同點? (10 分)
- 請解釋下列名詞：
 - 貝氏定理(Bayes' Theorem)。 (5 分)
 - 統計量(Statistics)。 (5 分)
 - 抽樣分配(Sampling Distribution)。 (5 分)
 - 中央極限定理(Central Limit Theorem)。 (5 分)
 - 不偏性(Unbiased)。 (5 分)
 - 一致性(Consistency)。 (5 分)
- 若 H_0 ：此人是不該愛的 v.s. H_1 ：此人是該愛的。試寫出此例之型 I 錯誤與型 II 錯誤的事件。 (5 分)
 - 若 H_0 ：此人是該愛的 v.s. H_1 ：此人是不該愛的。試寫出此例之型 I 錯誤與型 II 錯誤的事件。 (5 分)
 - 就(a)與(b)依照正常的角度，統計假設會傾向採用何者？為什麼？ (5 分)
- 容易生氣的人似乎較可能得心臟病，根據某醫院從台北市隨機抽取的 200 位上班族做調查，得到下表之資料。

類別	易怒指標			合計
	低	中	高	
有心臟病	15	15	50	80
沒有心臟病	50	50	20	120
合計	65	65	70	200

- 請寫出統計假設(Null Hypothesis & Alternative Hypothesis)。 (5 分)
 - 請寫出檢定統計量(Test Statistics)。 (5 分)
 - 若檢定結果 p 值 < 0.01 ，我們是否以下結論說容易發怒會導致心臟病? (5 分)
- 考慮下列兩種線性迴規模型：

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + U_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$X_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Y_i + W_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$
 - 這兩條估計的迴歸線都會通過 (X, Y) 平面上的那一點? (5 分)
 - 這兩種模型的判定係數(R^2)是否相同? (5 分)

考試科目	高等微積分	系別	統計學系/三年級 4146	考試時間	7月/2日(五) 第一節
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Part I. ($5 \times 10 = 50$ pts) For each of the following problems, state that it is True or False.

Q1) Let $f(x) = \sin(\frac{x}{n})$ defined on $(0, 1)$, then $f(x)$ is uniformly continuous on $(0, 1)$.

Q2) The sequence $f_n(x) = x^n$ converges uniformly on $[0, \frac{1}{2}]$.

Q3) Let $f_n(x) = nxe^{-nx^2}$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, and $0 \leq x \leq 1$. It follows that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x) dx = \int_0^1 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) dx$.

Q4) Let $x_n = (-1)^n + \frac{1}{n}$, then $\limsup x_n = \liminf x_n$.

Q5) The sequence defined as

$$0, 1, \frac{3}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, 3, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{14}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, 4, \dots$$

is a Cauchy sequence.

Q6) Let $f, g, h: R \rightarrow R$ be three functions. If f and g are both differentiable at x , $f'(x) = g'(x)$, and $f \leq h \leq g$, then h is also differentiable at x and $h'(x) = f'(x)$.

Q7) Let J be an open interval in R . If $f: J \rightarrow R$ is differentiable and

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = 0$$

for every $x \in J$, then f is constant on J .

Q8) Define $f: [-1, 1] \rightarrow R$ by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } x = 0. \end{cases}$$

The set of all x such that $f(x) = 0$ is a compact subset of $[-1, 1]$.

Q9) The equation

$$x^{180} + \frac{84}{1+x^2+\cos^2 x} = 119$$

has at least two solutions in R .

Q10) If $f(x, \theta)$ is differentiable in θ for every x in R , then

$$\frac{d}{d\theta} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, \theta) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f(x, \theta) dx.$$

考試科目	高等微積分	系別	統計學系/三年級	考試時間	7月12日(五)第一節
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Part II. Comprehension Problems ($10 \times 5 = 50$ pts)

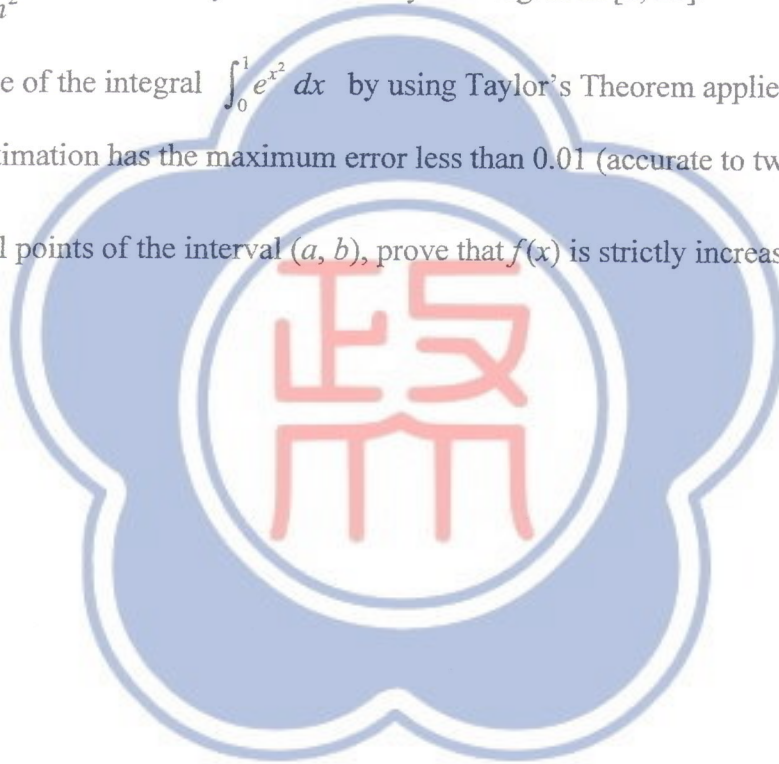
Q11) Consider the function $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{384} x^2 y^4 e^{-y-(x/2)}$, $x > 0$ and $y > 0$. Compute $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty f(x, y) dx dy$.

Q12) Let $f: [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be given by $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $\varepsilon = \frac{1}{2}$. Find a δ such that if $d(x, y) < \delta$, then $d(f(x), f(y)) < \varepsilon$.

Q13) Show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$ is uniformly and absolutely convergent in $[0, 2\pi]$.

Q14) Estimate the value of the integral $\int_0^1 e^{x^2} dx$ by using Taylor's Theorem applied to the series for e^x . Make sure that your estimation has the maximum error less than 0.01 (accurate to two decimal places).

Q15) If $f'(x) > 0$ at all points of the interval (a, b) , prove that $f(x)$ is strictly increasing in (a, b) .



考 試 科 目	數理統計學(含機率論)	系 別	統 計	考試時間	7 月 12 日(五) 第二節
			4146		

1. A high school requests its seniors to take a proficiency test before graduation. A student passing all 3 subjects (Literature, Science, and Ethics) would be awarded a diploma; otherwise, he (she) would receive only a certificate of attendance. A test given to N senior students this year resulted in the following table:

Subject Area	Number of students failing
Literature	n_1
Science	n_2
Ethics	n_3

Also, $n_1 + n_2 + n_3 < N$.

- (a) Let F_1 be "Student fails Literature", F_2 be "Student fails Science" and F_3 "Student fails Ethics". Assume they are independent events, what proportion of next year's seniors can be expected to fail to qualify for a diploma? (6%)
- (b) If F_1 and F_2 are dependent, while both of them are independent to F_3 , what is the upper bound for the proportion of next year's seniors can be expected to fail to qualify for a diploma? (9%)
2. A boy pays \$1 a throw in order to win a \$3 Spiderman, and his probability of winning on each throw is 0.2. Let X denote the number of throws required to win the Spiderman.
- (a) Derive the moment generating function for X . (7%)
- (b) What is the probability that his net return is non-negative? (5%)
3. Let X and Y be continuous random variables with joint pdf: $f(x, y) = k(x + y)$, $0 < x < y < 2$; and 0 otherwise.
- (a) Find k . (4%)
- (b) Let $U = X$ and $V = XY$, find the joint pdf of U and V . (8%)
- (c) Find the marginal pdf of V . (6%)
4. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a random sample from $f(x) = \frac{3}{\theta(1+x/\theta)^4}$, $x > 0$, $\theta > 0$.
- Let \bar{X}_n be the sample mean.
- (a) Show $\bar{X}_n \xrightarrow{P} \theta/2$. (6%)
- (b) Find the approximate distribution for $\exp(-\bar{X}_n)$. (9%)
5. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from $f(x; \theta) = \theta x^{\theta-1}$, $0 < x < 1$, $\theta > 0$.
- (a) Find the MME (method of moment estimator) of θ . (6%)
- (b) Find the MLE of θ . (6%)
- (c) Find the UMVE (unbiased minimum variance estimator) of θ . (14%)
- (d) Find the UMP (uniformly most powerful) size α test for $H_0: \theta \geq \theta_0$ vs. $H_1: \theta < \theta_0$. (14%)

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